



PRESS RELEASE - Embargoed until Tuesday 18 May

## **BETTER MENTAL HEALTH TOGETHER**



**European Public Health Week, 18 May 2021** – There is a wide consensus that the COVID-19 pandemic not only affects physical health, but also mental health and well-being<sup>1</sup>. The current pandemic is changing priorities for the general population, but it is also challenging the agenda of health professionals, including that of psychiatrists and physiotherapists.

On the occasion of the European Public Health Week, the Europe Region World Physiotherapy and the European Psychiatric Association highlight the importance of joining forces to optimize care and wellbeing by promoting parity of esteem in mental health, addressing mental health equally with physical health. Key international and **EU level policy initiatives** increasingly acknowledge the importance to focus on prevention and address emerging long-term challenges for the health systems, such as the burden from non-communicable diseases, which includes mental health<sup>2</sup>.

Evidence shows that people suffering from mental health problems often develop somatic symptoms, representing a major group of patients, requiring a multi-disciplinary approach and support from both physiotherapists and mental health professionals.

Depression, stress-related conditions and long-lasting musculoskeletal disorders affect millions of people worldwide, leading to negative consequences for their ability to work and impacting on their daily life. This is particularly true at the times of COVID-19. The pandemic and the related containment measures—namely quarantine, social distancing, and self-isolation—can have a detrimental impact on mental and physical health. In particular, the increased loneliness and reduced social interactions are well-known risk factors for several mental disorders, including schizophrenia and major depression<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Brooks et al., 2020; Shigemura et al., 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> More on mental health as a Non-Communicable Disease (NCD) on:

<sup>•</sup> New EU4Health Programme: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/QANDA 20 956

<sup>•</sup> UN Sustainable Development Goals: https://www.who.int/mental\_health/SDGs/en/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A.Fiorillo, P.Gorwood, 2020. *The consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic on mental health and implications for clinical practice,* European Psychiatry Journal.





Scientific studies have demonstrated that there is a strong link between mental and physical health, and that physical activity may be therapeutic for people with mental health problems.<sup>4</sup>

There is an increasing amount of scientific literature focused on physical exercises and targeted body awareness programmes for individuals with mental health problems, supporting the importance of physical exercise in mental health and psychiatric rehabilitation. Physiotherapy in mental health care contributes to the improvement of well-being and autonomy in people with physical and mental health needs, including psychological disorders and learning disabilities<sup>5</sup>.

In this context, a **multidisciplinary and interprofessional care** approach is key to prevent mental and physical disorders and promote the mental wellbeing of the population. In particular, mental health physiotherapists and psychiatrists should work together towards the provision of high quality, person-centered care.

**Esther-Mary D'Arcy**, Chairman of the Europe Region World Physiotherapy, highlights that "Never has the link between physical activity and mental health been more critical and more relevant than during this pandemic which has had such an impact on people's health and well-being".

**Prof. Peter Falkai**, EPA President, adds that "In times of isolation, like we are experiencing right now with the COVID-19 quarantine, systematic physical exercise is crucial to support our mental health and to prevent the aggravation of psychiatric disorders."

## Notes for editors:

- 1. About the European Public Health Week 2021: https://eupha.org/new\_challenges\_in\_mental\_health
- 2. The **Europe Region World physiotherapy** is a non-profit, non-governmental organisation that represents the physiotherapy profession at European Level. The Organisation has a membership of 37 Physiotherapy Associations, representing 186.102 physiotherapists in Europe.

Physiotherapists promote and prescribe physical activity programmes in the areas of prevention, maintenance, promotion and treatment across the lifespan. We are the specialists in human activity and movement. www.erwcpt.eu



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3. The European Psychiatric Association (EPA): with active individual members in as many as 88 countries and 44 National Psychiatric Association Members that represent more than 80,000 European psychiatrists, the EPA is the main association representing psychiatry in Europe. The EPA's activities address the interests of psychiatrists in academia, research and practice throughout all stages of career development. <a href="http://www.europsy.net">www.europsy.net</a>



European Psychiatry

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> EPA guidance on physical activity as a treatment for severe mental illness

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Probst M, Helvik L. 2018





## ENDORSING ORGANISATIONS:



GAMIAN-Europe Belgium



Slovak Psychiatric Association Slovakia



Psychiatric Association of Bosnia-Herzegovina (PABH) Bosnia and Herzegovina



Icelandic Psychiatric Association Iceland



Chartered Society of physiotherapy (CSP) United Kingdom



European Federation of Psychologists' Associations (EFPA) Belgium



Psychiatric Association of Turkey Turkey



Czech Psychiatric Association Czech Republic



European Brain Council (EBC) Belgium



Swedish Association of Physiotherapists - Fysioterapeuterna Sweden



Scientific section "physiotherapy in mental health"/Panhellenic physiotherapists association Greece



Society of Georgian Psychiatrists Georgia



Royal College of Psychiatrists United Kingdom



European Federation of Associations of Families of People with Mental Illness (EUFAMI) Belgium











ICELANDIC PHYSIOTHERAPY ASSOCIATION

Icelandic Physiotherapy Association (IPA) / Félag sjúkraþjálfara (FS) Iceland



Asociación Española de Fisioterapeutas (AEF) and Subgrupo de Salud Mental AEF-SM Spain



Austrian Society for Psychiatry and Psychotherapy Austria



Vlaamse Verening voor Psychiatrie Belgium